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6	Attorney for SHEFA LMV, LLC		
7	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
8	COUNTY OF MARIN		
9	SHEFA LMV, LLC., a California limited )	۳ المستالات المستالات Unlimited Jurisdiction	
10	liability company,	CACIDAD	
11	Plaintiff,	CASE NO. C V 1503341	
12	)	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTY AND	
13	vs. )	INJUNCTIVE RELIEF	
14	CONCEPT II COSMETICS, LLC; and DOES )	1	
15	1 through 50, inclusive, )	25249.6	
16	Defendants.		
17	)		
18			
19			
20	Plaintiff SHEFA LMV, LLC, hereby alleges:		
21			
22	I. INTRODUCTION		
23	1. This complaint seeks to remedy Defendants' continued failure to warn individuals in		
24	California about exposures to Benzophenone, a chemical recently adopted and known to the State of		
25	California to cause cancer.		
26	2. Under the Safe Drinking Water	and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, Health and	
27	Safety Code section 25249.6, also known as "Proposition 65," businesses must provide persons with		
28			
	COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTY AND DAMAGES		

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9	SHEFA LMV, LLC., a California limited	) Unlimited Jurisdiction	
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12		) COMPLAINT FOR CIVIL PENALTY AND	
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14	CONCEPT II COSMETICS, LLC; and DOES	) 1. Violation of Health and Safety Code §	
15	1 through 50, inclusive,	) 25249.6	
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a "clear and reasonable warning" before exposing individuals to chemicals known to the State to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm.

#### II. PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff is a California Limited Liability Company, authorized by the Secretary of state to do business in the state of California, and is acting in a representative capacity for citizens of the State, and through its counsel of record, the Law Office of Daniel N. Greenbaum.
- 4. Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(d) provides that actions to enforce Proposition 65 may be brought by "any person in the public interest."
- 5. Health and Safety Code section 25249.11(a) defines a "person" as an individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, corporation, company, partnership, limited liability company, and association.
- Defendant CONCEPT II COSMETICS, LLC (hereinafter "Concept") is a business 6. entity with ten or more employees that sells, or has, at times relevant to this complaint, authorized the manufacture, distribution, or sale of soap(s), sunscreen(s), lip balm(s), body cream(s) or other product(s) designed to be applied onto the body by hand (hereinafter "Products"), under its brand name or other brand names, including SolScents Broad Spectrum Flower Blast SPF 50 that contain Benzophenone, for sale within the State of California, without first giving clear and reasonable warning.
- 7 The identities of DOES 1 through 50 are unknown to Plaintiff at this time; however, Plaintiff suspects that they are business entities with at least ten or more employees that have sold, authorized the distribution, or sale of Products under their brand names or other brand names, that contain Benzophenone, for sale within the State of California, without first giving clear and reasonable warning.

# III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 8. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, section 10, because this case is a cause not given by statute to other trial courts.
- Also, pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §§ 393, 395 and 395.5, this 9. Court has jurisdiction over Defendants, because they are business entities that do sufficient business,

have sufficient minimum contacts in California, or otherwise intentionally avail themselves of the California market, through the sale, marketing, and use of Products in California, to render the exercise of jurisdiction over it by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

10. Venue is proper in this Court because numerous related cases involving similar allegations, Defendants, Product(s) and other factual disputes have previously been filed in Marin County.

#### IV. STATUTORY BACKGROUND

# A. Proposition 65

- 11. The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 is an initiative statute passed as "Proposition 65" by a vote of the people in November of 1986.
- 12. The warning requirement of Proposition 65 is contained at Health and Safety Code § 25249.6, which provides:

"No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual, except as provided in Section 25249.10."

- 13. An exposure to a chemical in a consumer product is one "which results from a person's acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, (and application) or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service." (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 25601, subd. (b).)
- 14. Proposition 65 establishes a procedure by which the state is to develop a list of chemicals "known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity." (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.8.)
- 15. No warning need be given concerning a listed chemical until one (1) year after the chemical first appears on the list. (*Id.*, § 25249.10, subd. (b).)
- 16. Any person "violating or threatening to violate" the statute may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7.)

- 17. To "threaten to violate" is defined to mean "to create a condition in which there is a substantial probability that a violation will occur." (*Id.*, § 25249.11, subd. (e).)
- 18. In addition, violators are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation, recoverable in a civil action. (*Id.*, § 25249.7, subd. (b).)
- 19. Actions to enforce the law "may be brought by the Attorney General in the name of the People of the State of California [or] by any district attorney [or] by any City Attorney of a City having a population in excess of 750,000 . . . " (*Id.*, § 25249.7, subd. (c).)
- 20. Private entities or a person is given authority to enforce Proposition 65 "in the public interest," but only if the private entity or person first provides written notice of an alleged violation to the violator, the Attorney General, and every District Attorney in whose jurisdiction the alleged violation occurs.
- 21. If no public prosecutors commence an enforcement action within sixty (60) days, then the private entity or person may sue. (Health & Safety Code, § 25249.7(d).)
  - 22. No such governmental action has been pursued against Defendants.

## V. FACTS

- 23. Benzophenone was placed in the Governor's list of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer on June 22, 2012. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 27, § 14001, subd. (b).)
- 24. Defendants manufacture, distribute and sell Products for use by individuals in the home and in other occupational endeavors.
- 25. These Products are sold through various retailers, including but not limited to Defendants, located in California for use by citizens of the State.
- 26. The Products are sold by Defendants for their various brands, including those mentioned above, and using the associated trademarks and trade identities for those brands, including the distinctive retailer labels.
- 27. The process followed in manufacturing the Products were approved by Defendants and is used in this form by individuals and others for personal use.

- 28. Individuals are exposed thusly to the Benzophenone that is present in Defendants' Products in the course of the intended and reasonably foreseeable use of those Products, as such exposures are defined by California Code of Regulations title 27, § 25602(b).
- 29. At all times material to this complaint, Defendants had knowledge that the Products contain Benzophenone and that skin may come into contact with Benzophenone and a resulting exposure would occur.
- 30. At all times material to this complaint, Defendants have had knowledge that individuals within the State would handle Defendants' Products that contain Benzophenone thus causing the exposures absent warnings as complained of herein.
- 31. At all times material to this complaint, Defendants knew that the Defendants' Products were sold throughout the State in substantial volumes, and that Defendants profited from such sales through, among other things, the sale of California sale and distribution of Defendants' Products.
- 32. Notwithstanding this knowledge, Defendants intentionally and knowingly caused the sale of Defendants' Products and subsequent exposure to Benzophenone.
- 33. At all times material to this complaint, Defendants have knowingly and intentionally exposed individuals within the State to Benzophenone, absent the statutory warnings.
- 34. Plaintiff believes this alleged exposure is knowing and intentional because it is the result of the Defendants' deliberate act of authorizing the sale and the distribution of the Products known to contain Benzophenone in a manner whereby these Products were, and would inevitably be, sold to consumers within the state, and with the knowledge that the intended use of these Products will result in exposures to Benzophenone within the State, absent the statutory warnings.
- 35. Defendant has failed to provide clear and reasonable warnings that the use of these aforementioned Products in California results in exposures to a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.
- 36. Plaintiff alleges no such warning was provided to consumers of the Products by any Defendant or other person for Defendants' benefit.

## VI. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Against All Defendants for Violation of Proposition 65)